





# Species Modeling Report

# **Woodland Vole**

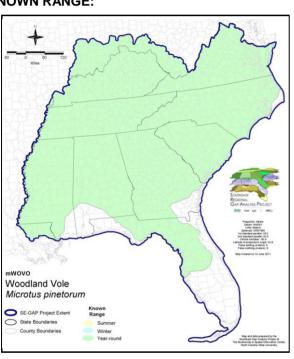
Microtus pinetorum

Taxa: Mammalian Order: Rodentia Family: Cricetidae

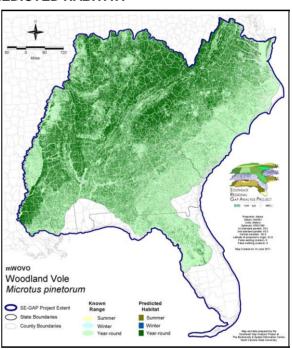
SE-GAP Spp Code: mWOVO ITIS Species Code: 180314

NatureServe Element Code: AMAFF11150

## **KNOWN RANGE:**



## PREDICTED HABITAT:



http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/maps/SE\_Range\_mWOVO.pdf Range Map Link:

Predicted Habitat Map Link: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/maps/SE\_Dist\_mWOVO.pdf GAP Online Tool Link: http://www.gapserve.ncsu.edu/segap/segap/index2.php?species=mWOVO Data Download: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/region/vert/mWOVO se00.zip

## **PROTECTION STATUS:**

Reported on March 14, 2011

Federal Status: ---

State Status: KY (N), MI (SC), MN (SPC), MS (Non-game species in need of management), NJ (S), NY (U), RI (Not Listed), WI (SC/N), ON (SC), QC (Susceptible)

NS Global Rank: G5

NS State Rank: AL (S5), AR (S5), CT (S5), DC (S4), DE (S4), FL (SNR), GA (S5), IA (S3), IL (S5), IN (S4), KS (S5), KY (S5), LA (S4), MA (S5), MD (S5), ME (S1), MI (S3S4), MN (S3), MO (SNR), MS (S5), NC (S5), NE (S1), NH (S4), NJ (S4), NY (S5), OH (SNR), OK (S5), PA (S5), RI (SU), SC (SNR), TN (S5), TX (S3), VA (S5), VT (S3), WI (S1), WV (S4), ON (S3?), QC (S3)

mWOV0 Page 1 of 5

## SUMMARY OF PREDICTED HABITAT BY MANAGMENT AND GAP PROTECTION STATUS:

	US FWS		US Forest Service		Tenn. Valley Author.		US DOD/ACOE	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	16,203.8	< 1	30,332.9	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	40,799.8	< 1	345,823.0	< 1	0.0	0	2,884.8	< 1
Status 3	2,515.1	< 1	1,909,853.9	4	47,162.0	< 1	224,874.2	< 1
Status 4	52.0	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0	24.8	< 1
Total	59,570.6	< 1	2,286,009.8	5	47,162.0	< 1	227,783.7	< 1
	US Dept. of Energy		US Nat. Park Service		NOAA		Other Federal Lands	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	282,354.1	< 1	11.3	< 1	0.0	0
Status 2	0.0	0	11,110.0	< 1	1,943.6	< 1	0.0	0
Status 3	14,862.2	< 1	100,670.6	< 1	0.0	0	506.4	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
Total	14,862.2	< 1	394,134.7	< 1	1,954.8	< 1	506.4	< 1
•	Native Am. Reserv.		State Park/Hist. Park		State WMA/Gameland		State Forest	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	1,198.0	< 1	76.8	< 1	0.0	0
Status 2	0.0	0	16,707.5	< 1	351,682.2	< 1	1,386.3	< 1
Status 3	23,466.4	< 1	134,024.2	< 1	109,750.9	< 1	55,802.5	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	0.0	0	62,521.7	< 1	0.0	0
Total	23,466.4	< 1	151,929.7	< 1	524,031.5	1	57,188.8	< 1
	State Coastal Reserve		ST Nat.Area/Preserve		Other State Lands		Private Cons. Easemt.	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	11,622.4	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	476.8	< 1	46,781.4	< 1	3.7	< 1	1,301.8	< 1
Status 3	0.0	0	6,231.5	< 1	8,760.8	< 1	17,333.4	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	2.1	< 1	1,638.1	< 1	0.0	0
Total	476.8	< 1	64,637.4	< 1	10,402.6	< 1	18,635.1	< 1
	Private Land - No Res.		Water				Overa	ıll Total
	ha	%	ha	%			ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	0.0	0			341,799.2	< 1
Status 2	0.0	0	0.0	0			820,900.7	2
Status 3	42.2	< 1	0.0	0			2,655,856.3	10
Status 4	37,789,979.6	87	14,554.2	< 1			37,931,242.0	87
Total	37,790,021.8	87	14,554.2	< 1			41,749,798.1	100

GAP Status 1: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover and a mandated management plan in operation to maintain a natural state within which disturbance events (of natural type, frequency, and intensity) are allowed to proceed without interference or are mimicked through management.

GAP Status 2: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover and a mandated management plan in operation to maintain a primarily natural state, but which may receive use or management practices that degrade the quality of existing natural communities.

GAP Status 3: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover for the majority of the area, but subject to extractive uses of either a broad, low-intensity type or localized intense type. It also confers protection to federally listed endangered and threatened species throughout the area.

GAP Status 4: Lack of irrevocable easement or mandate to prevent conversion of natural habitat types to anthropogenic habitat types. Allows for intensive use throughout the tract. Also includes those tracts for which the existence of such restrictions or sufficient information to establish a higher status is unknown.

mWOVO Page 2 of 5

#### PREDICTED HABITAT MODEL(S):

#### Year-round Model:

Habitat Description:

Woodland voles inhabit dry to moist deciduous woodlands with thick leaf mold or thick herbaceous ground cover. They can be found in "park like" grassy areas (Whitaker 1980). They are rare or missing from extreme coastal regions of southeastern states. Especially common in hedgerows and apple orchards, but also live in a wide variety of woodland to grassland habitats where there is adequate cover, friable soil, and a good food supply. For example, found over entire Savanna River Site area in old fields and hardwood forests where the soil is loose or where rich leaf mold is present. Thought to to be uncoommon in pine plantations (Cothran et al. 1991). Occur in a wide variety of habitats varying from subclimax beech-maple forests with closed canopies and varying depths of leaf litter to grassy fields with many bushes, patches of brambles, and mats of honeysuckle. In Florida, rosemary shrubs, sand pine, and turkey oak are often used (Smolen 1981). Most foraging is confined to a 30 foot radius of the burrows. Nine out of 62 males, and 10/69 females made movements of 200 feet or more. Burt (1940) stated that the normal home range is about 0.25 acres (Fitch 1958). # Home range of Microtus, in general, 1000 square meters or less (Nowak 1991).

They inhabit the upper reaches of tidal bays and rivers and also occur in upland pine and mixed forests, mountain meadows, fallow fields, orchards, gardens and tilled croplands with hedgerows or nearby woods (Golley 1962, Linzey and Linzey 1971, Brown 1997, Whitaker and Hamilton 1998).

Adapted from Florida and North Carolina state habitat notes - K. Cook - 6-2-05

Functional Group	Map Unit Name				
Anthropogenic	Deciduous Plantations				
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Clear Cut)				
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Other)				
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Utility Swath)				
Bald	Central Appalachian Montane Rocky Bald - Herbaceous Modifier				
Bald	Southern Appalachian Grass and Shrub Bald - Herbaceous Modifier				
Bald	Southern Appalachian Grass and Shrub Bald - Shrub Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Allegheny-Cumberland Dry Oak Forest and Woodland				
Forest/Woodland	Allegheny-Cumberland Dry Oak Forest and Woodland - Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Appalachian Hemlock-Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Dry and Dry-Mesic Oak Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Fall-line Sandhills Longleaf Pine Woodland - Offsite Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Mesic Hardwood and Mixed Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Central and Southern Appalachian Montane Oak Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Central and Southern Appalachian Northern Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Central and Southern Appalachian Spruce-Fir Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Central Appalachian Oak and Pine Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Black Belt Calcareous Prairie and Woodland - Woodland Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shortleaf Pine-Oak Forest - Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shortleaf Pine-Oak Forest - Mixed Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Upland Longleaf Pine Woodland - Offsite Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Upland Longleaf Pine Woodland - Scrub/Shrub Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Limestone Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Dry Upland Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Loess Bluff Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Loess Plain Oak-Hickory Upland - Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Mesic Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Loess Bluff Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Mesic Slope Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Florida Longleaf Pine Sandhill - Scrub/Shrub Understory Modifier				

mWOVO Page 3 of 5

Forest/Woodland Northeastern Interior Dry Oak Forest - Mixed Modifier Forest/Woodland Northeastern Interior Dry Oak Forest-Hardwood Modifier Forest/Woodland Northern Atlantic Coastal Plain Dry Hardwood Forest Forest/Woodland South-Central Interior Mesophytic Forest Forest/Woodland Southern and Central Appalachian Cove Forest Forest/Woodland Southern and Central Appalachian Oak Forest Forest/Woodland Southern and Central Appalachian Oak Forest - Xeric Forest/Woodland Southern Appalachian Montane Pine Forest and Woodland Forest/Woodland Southern Coastal Plain Dry Upland Hardwood Forest Southern Interior Low Plateau Dry-Mesic Oak Forest Forest/Woodland Forest/Woodland Southern Interior Low Plateau Dry-Mesic Oak Forest - Evergreen Modifier Forest/Woodland Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-(Pine) Forest - Hardwood Modifier Forest/Woodland Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-(Pine) Forest - Mixed Modifier Forest/Woodland Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-Heath Forest - Hardwood Modifier Forest/Woodland Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-Heath Forest - Mixed Modifier Forest/Woodland Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-Heath Forest - Virginia/Pitch Pine Modifier Forest/Woodland Southern Piedmont Mesic Forest Forest/Woodland Southern Ridge and Valley Dry Calcareous Forest Forest/Woodland Southern Ridge and Valley Dry Calcareous Forest - Hardwood Modifier Prairie Bluegrass Basin Savanna and Woodland Prairie East Gulf Coastal Plain Black Belt Calcareous Prairie and Woodland Prairie East Gulf Coastal Plain Black Belt Calcareous Prairie and Woodland - Herbaceous Modifier Prairie East Gulf Coastal Plain Jackson Plain Prairie and Barrens Prairie East Gulf Coastal Plain Jackson Prairie and Woodland Prairie Eastern Highland Rim Prairie and Barrens Prairie Eastern Highland Rim Prairie and Barrens - Dry Modifier Prairie Panhandle Florida Limestone Glade Prairie Pennyroyal Karst Plain Prairie and Barrens Prairie Southern Ridge and Valley Patch Prairie Prairie Western Highland Rim Prairie and Barrens Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Basin Swamp and Wet Hardwood Forest Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Near-Coast Pine Flatwoods - Offsite Hardwood Modifier

Selected Secondary Map Units within 60m of Primary Map Units:

Functional Group	Map Unit Name			
Anthropogenic	Pasture/Hay			
Anthropogenic	Row Crop			

East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Loblolly-Hardwood Flatwoods

## **CITATIONS:**

Wetlands

Baker, Rollin H. 1983. Michigan mammals. Michigan State University Press. 642

Banfield, A.W.F. 1974. The mammals of Canada. University of Toronto Press,

Brown, L. N. 1997. A guide to the mammals of the southeastern United States. University of Tennessee Press, Knoxville. xiv + 236 pp.

Burt, W.H., 1940. Territorial behavior and populations of some small mammals in southern Michigan. Misc. Publications of the Museum of Zoolgy, Univ. of Michigan. Number 45: 1-58.

Caire, W., J. D. Tyler, B. P. Glass, and M. A. Mares. Z. Marsh (illustrator). 1989. Mammals of Oklahoma. University of Oklahoma Press, Norman. Oklahoma. 567 pp.

Cothran, E.G., M.H. Smith, J.O. Wolff and J.B. Gentry. 1991. Mammals of the Savannah River Site. Savannah River Site National Environmental Research Park Program. SRO-NERP-21. SREL, Aiken, SC. 191 pp.

Fitch, H. S. 1958. Home ranges, territories, and seasonal movement of vertebrates of the Natural History Reservation. University of Kansas Publication Museum of Natural History 11:63-326.

Godin, A.J. 1977. Wild Mammals of New England. Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore. 304 pp.

Golley, F.B. 1962. Mammals of Georgia: A study of their distribution and functional role in the ecosystem. University of Georgia Press, Athens, GA. 218 pp.

Hall, E. R. 1981. The Mammals of North America. Second edition. 2 Volumes. John Wiley and Sons, New York, New York. 1181 p.

mWOVO Page 4 of 5

Hamilton, William J., Jr., and John O. Whitaker, Jr. 1979. Mammals of the eastern United States. Cornell Univ. Press, Ithaca, New York, 346

Lee, D. S., L. B. Funderburg Jr., and M. K. Clark. 1982. A distributional survey of North Carolina mammals. Occasional Papers of the North Carolina Biological Survey, No. 1982-10. North Carolina State. Mus. Nat. Hist., Raleigh, North Carolina. 72 pp.

Linzey, Alicia V., & Donald W. Linzey. 1971. Mammals of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park. The University of Tennessee Press, Knoxville, Tennessee. 114 p.

Miller, D.H. and L.L. Getz. 1969. Life-history notes on Microtis pinetorum central Connecticut. J. Mamm. 50:777-

Moore, D. W., and L. L. Janecek. 1990. Genic relationships among North American MICROTUS (Mammalia:Rodentia). Ann. Carnegie Mus. 59-249-259

Nowak, R. M. 1991. Walker's mammals of the world. Fifth edition. Vols. I and II. Johns Hopkins Univ. Press, Baltimore. 1629

Repenning, C. A. 1983. PITYMYS MEADENSIS Hibbard from the Valley of Mexico and the classification of North American species of PITYMYS (Rodentia: Cricetidae). J. Vert. Paleontol. 2:471-482.

Schwartz, Charles W., and Elizabeth R. Schwartz. 1981. The wild mammals of Missouri. University of Missouri Press, Columbia. 356

Smolen, M.J. 1981. Microtus pinetorum. Am. Soc. Mamm., Mammalian Species No. 147. 7

Swihart, R. K. 1990. Quebracho, thiram, and methiocarb reduce consumption of apple twigs by meadow voles. Wildl. Soc. Bull. 18:162-

Tamarin, R. H., editor. 1985. Biology of New World MICROTUS. American Soc. Mamm. Special Publication (8):1-

Tobin, M. E., and M. E. Richmond. 1993. Vole management in fruit orchards. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Biological Report 5. ii + 18 pp

van der Meulen, A. J. 1978. MICROTUS and PITIMYS (Arvicolidae) from Cumberland Cave, Maryland, with a comparison of some New and Old World species. Annals of Carnegie Museum 47:101-145.

Webster, W. D., J. F. Parnell and W. C. Biggs Jr. 1985. Mammals of the Carolinas, Virginia, and Maryland. The University of North Carolina Press, Chapel Hill, NC.

Whitaker, J. O., Jr. 1980. The Audubon Society field guide to North American mammals. Alfred A. Knopf, New York. 745

Whitaker, J.O. Jr. and W.J. Hamilton, Jr. 1998. Mammals of the eastern United States. Cornell Univ. Press, Ithaca, New York. 583 рp

For more information:: SE-GAP Analysis Project / BaSIC 127 David Clark Labs Dept. of Biology, NCSU Raleigh, NC 27695-7617 (919) 513-2853 www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap

Compiled: 15 September 2011

This data was compiled and/or developed by the Southeast GAP Analysis Project at The Biodiversity and Spatial Information Center, North Carolina State University