







Species Modeling Report

Eastern Woodrat

Neotoma floridana

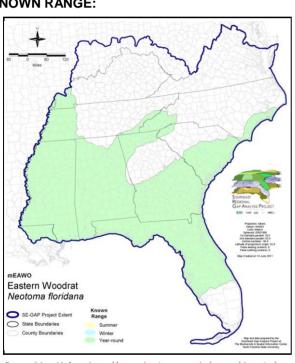
Taxa: Mammalian Order: Rodentia Family: Cricetidae

SE-GAP Spp Code: mEAWO

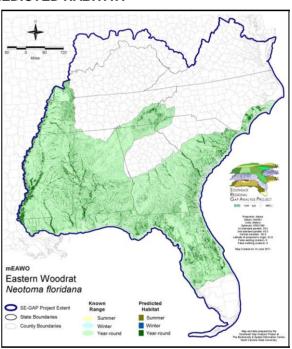
ITIS Species Code: 180372

NatureServe Element Code: AMAFF08010

KNOWN RANGE:



PREDICTED HABITAT:



Range Map Link: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/maps/SE_Range_mEAWO.pdf

Predicted Habitat Map Link: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/maps/SE_Dist_mEAWO.pdf GAP Online Tool Link: http://www.gapserve.ncsu.edu/segap/segap/index2.php?species=mEAWO

http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/region/vert/mEAWO_se00.zip

PROTECTION STATUS:

Reported on March 14, 2011

Federal Status: ---

Data Download:

State Status: IL (LE), MS (Non-game species in need of management)

NS Global Rank: G5

NS State Rank: AL (S4), AR (S4), CO (S3S4), FL (S5), GA (S5), IL (S1), KS (S4), LA (S4), MO (S3S4), MS (SNR), NC (S3S4), NE

(S3), OK (S5), SC (S3S4), TN (SNR), TX (S5)

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SUMMARY OF PREDICTED HABITAT BY MANAGMENT AND GAP PROTECTION STATUS:

	US FWS		US Forest Service		Tenn. Valley Author.		US DOD/ACOE	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	25,502.6	< 1	10,371.0	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	85,246.6	< 1	67,085.9	< 1	0.0	0	545.4	< 1
Status 3	1,480.1	< 1	516,280.5	4	8,052.6	< 1	115,759.1	< 1
Status 4	5.7	< 1	< 0.1	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Total	112,235.0	< 1	593,737.5	5	8,052.6	< 1	116,304.5	< 1
1	US Dept. of Energy		US Nat. Park Service		NOAA		Other Federal Lands	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	88,279.3	< 1	74.4	< 1	7,151.2	< 1
Status 2	0.0	0	6,835.9	< 1	5,092.9	< 1	0.5	< 1
Status 3	16,720.6	< 1	6,409.5	< 1	0.0	0	1,139.2	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	1.0	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Total	16,720.6	< 1	101,526.2	< 1	5,167.4	< 1	8,290.9	< 1
	Native Am. Reserv.		State Park/Hist. Park		State WMA/Gameland		State Forest	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	364.8	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	0.0	0	4,114.4	< 1	277,531.1	2	0.0	0
Status 3	6,041.2	< 1	328,205.1	3	57,151.4	< 1	102,528.7	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	< 0.1	< 1	19,188.4	< 1	8.6	< 1
Total	6,041.2	< 1	332,684.4	3	353,870.8	3	102,537.4	< 1
1	State Coastal Reserve		ST Nat.Area/Preserve		Other State Lands		Private Cons. Easemt.	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	2,051.9	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	2,046.9	< 1	31,750.5	< 1	0.0	0	1,405.5	< 1
Status 3	0.0	0	14,795.3	< 1	6,241.8	< 1	62,997.2	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	0.0	0	789.2	< 1	0.0	0
Total	2,046.9	< 1	48,597.7	< 1	7,031.0	< 1	64,402.7	< 1
1	Private Land - I	No Res.		Water			Overa	ıll Total
	ha	%	ha	%			ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	0.0	0			133,795.2	1
Status 2	0.0	0	0.0	< 1			481,655.7	4
Status 3	470.3	< 1	0.0	0			1,244,272.5	15
Status 4	9,185,183.3	79	33,770.2	< 1			9,258,129.7	80
Total	9,185,653.6	79	33,770.3	< 1			11,117,853.1	100

GAP Status 1: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover and a mandated management plan in operation to maintain a natural state within which disturbance events (of natural type, frequency, and intensity) are allowed to proceed without interference or are mimicked through management.

GAP Status 2: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover and a mandated management plan in operation to maintain a primarily natural state, but which may receive use or management practices that degrade the quality of existing natural communities.

GAP Status 3: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover for the majority of the area, but subject to extractive uses of either a broad, low-intensity type or localized intense type. It also confers protection to federally listed endangered and threatened species throughout the area.

GAP Status 4: Lack of irrevocable easement or mandate to prevent conversion of natural habitat types to anthropogenic habitat types. Allows for intensive use throughout the tract. Also includes those tracts for which the existence of such restrictions or sufficient information to establish a higher status is unknown.

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PREDICTED HABITAT MODEL(S):

Year-round Model:

Habitat Description:

Eastern woodrats may be found in forested habitats. In the mountains, they prefer deciduous forests, particularly where the understory is dense, and often occur in areas with rock outcrops, talus slopes or caves. Other habitats include low, wet areas, ranging from marshes (Svihla and Svihla 1933) to swamps and swamp hammocks (Bangs 1898, Harper 1927, Chamberlain 1928, Hamilton 1953). In the Coastal Plain, woodrats may be abundant in deciduous forests of floodplains, ravines, swamps and of forested areas near marshes (Whitaker and Hamilton 1998). They are very common in the ecotone between hydric and mesic communites (Pearson 1954). Within North Carolina, populations are most common above 3000ft (Clark 1987). It is also associated with rocky places where fissures and crevices provide shelter, but it is less restricted to rocky habitats than the Allegheny wood rat (Neotoma magister). Nests have been found in shrub and vine thickets, hollows of trees and stumps, subterranean chambers, barns and abandoned buildings, cave entrances, and among rocks on talus slopes (Clark 1987). They breed all year in Florida and coastal Georgia (Golley 1962, Pearson 1952, Schwartz and Schwartz 1981, Nowak and Paradiso 1983). Gestation probably lasts about 33-39 days (Hamilton 1953). Litter size is usually 2-4 (average 3) (Pearson 1952, Hamilton and Whitaker 1979), with up to 2-3 litter per year. Sexual maturity is reached in less than one year and some females may breed in their first season (Wiley 1980). Adults appear to live at least three years in the wild (Schwartz and Schwartz 1981, Merritt 1987). Mean home range size, using minimum convex polygon was 0.70 ha with no difference between males and females. Male and female home ranges did not overlap. Sixty nine percent of all dens were located at an ecotone (HaySmith 1995). Most foraging occurs less than 75 feet from the woodrat den. Stacy Smith, 17June05

Functional Group	Map Unit Name Appalachian Hemlock-Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland					
Forest/Woodland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Central Maritime Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Mesic Hardwood and Mixed Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Maritime Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Southern Maritime Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Central and Southern Appalachian Montane Oak Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Central and Southern Appalachian Northern Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Central and Southern Appalachian Spruce-Fir Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Maritime Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Loess Bluff Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Mesic Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Loess Bluff Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Mesic Slope Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Mississippi Delta Maritime Forest				
Forest/Woodland	South-Central Interior Mesophytic Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southern and Central Appalachian Cove Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Appalachian Montane Pine Forest and Woodland				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Piedmont Mesic Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southwest Florida Coastal Strand and Maritime Hammock				
Rock Outcrop	Allegheny-Cumberland Sandstone Box Canyon and Rockhouse				
Rock Outcrop	East Gulf Coastal Plain Dry Chalk Bluff				
Rock Outcrop	Southern Appalachian Granitic Dome				
Rock Outcrop	Southern Appalachian Montane Cliff				
Rock Outcrop	Southern Appalachian Rocky Summit				
Rock Outcrop	Southern Appalachian Spray Cliff				
Rock Outcrop	Southern Interior Acid Cliff				
Rock Outcrop	Southern Interior Calcareous Cliff				
Rock Outcrop	Southern Interior Sinkhole Wall				
Rock Outcrop	Southern Piedmont Cliff				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Blackwater Stream Floodplain Forest - Forest Modifier				

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Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Brownwater Stream Floodplain Forest Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Clay-Based Carolina Bay Forested Wetland Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Clay-Based Carolina Bay Herbaceous Wetland Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Nonriverine Swamp and Wet Hardwood Forest - Taxodium/Nyssa Modifier Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Nonriverine Swamp and Wet Hardwood Forest - Oak Dominated Modifier Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Basin Swamp and Wet Hardwood Forest Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Peatland Pocosin Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Small Blackwater River Floodplain Forest Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Small Brownwater River Floodplain Forest Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Streamhead Seepage Swamp, Pocosin, and Baygall Wetlands Central Florida Herbaceous Seep Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shrub Bog Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Large River Floodplain Forest - Forest Modifier Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Large River Floodplain Forest - Herbaceous Modifier Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Seepage Swamp Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Small Stream and River Floodplain Forest Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Loblolly-Hardwood Flatwoods Wetlands Floridian Highlands Freshwater Marsh Wetlands Lower Mississippi River Bottomland and Floodplain Forest Lower Mississippi River Bottomland Depressions - Forest Modifier Wetlands Wetlands Lower Mississippi River Bottomland Depressions - Herbaceous Modifier Wetlands Mississippi River Low Floodplain (Bottomland) Forest Wetlands Mississippi River Riparian Forest Wetlands South Florida Hardwood Hammock Wetlands South-Central Interior Large Floodplain - Forest Modifier Wetlands South-Central Interior Large Floodplain - Herbaceous Modifier Wetlands South-Central Interior Small Stream and Riparian Wetlands South-Central Interior/Upper Coastal Plain Wet Flatwoods Wetlands Southern and Central Appalachian Bog and Fen Wetlands Southern Appalachian Seepage Wetland Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Blackwater River Floodplain Forest Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Herbaceous Seepage Bog Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Hydric Hammock Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Nonriverine Basin Swamp Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Nonriverine Cypress Dome Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Seepage Swamp and Baygall Wetlands Southern Piedmont Large Floodplain Forest - Forest Modifier Wetlands Southern Piedmont Large Floodplain Forest - Herbaceous Modifier Wetlands Southern Piedmont Seepage Wetland Wetlands Southern Piedmont Small Floodplain and Riparian Forest Wetlands Southern Piedmont/Ridge and Valley Upland Depression Swamp Wetlands Western Highland Rim Seepage Fen

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For more information:: SE-GAP Analysis Project / BaSIC

SE-3AP Analysis Project / BaSIC 127 David Clark Labs Dept. of Biology, NCSU Raleigh, NC 27695-7617 (919) 513-2853 www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap Compiled: 15 September 2011

This data was compiled and/or developed by the Southeast GAP Analysis Project at The Biodiversity and Spatial Information Center, North Carolina State University.

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